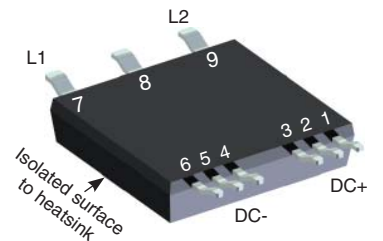
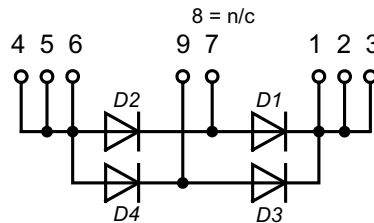


# High Efficiency Standard Rectifier

## Single Phase Rectifier Bridge

$V_{RRM} = 1200\text{ V}$   
 $I_{DAV} = 124\text{ A}$   
 $V_F = 1.15\text{ V}$



E72873

Diodes		Characteristic Values			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RRM}$				1200	V
$I_R$	$V_R = 1200\text{ V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
				0.1	mA
$V_F$	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$			1.23	V
	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$			1.45	V
	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$			1.15	V
	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$			1.44	V
$I_{DAV}$	rectifier output current with: rect. d = 0.5 (per diode) sine 180° (per diode)			132	A
	$T_C = 80^\circ\text{C}$			124	A
$V_{F0}$	} for power loss calculation only $T_{VJ} = 175^\circ\text{C}$			0.75	V
$r_F$				4.2	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$				1.0	K/W
$R_{thJH}$	with thermal transfer paste (IXYS test setup)		1.45	1.6	K/W
$T_{VJ}$		-55		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$P_{tot}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			150	W
$I_{FSM}$	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		400	A
	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		430	A
	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		350	A
	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		375	A
$I^2t$	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		800	A <sup>2</sup> s
	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		780	A <sup>2</sup> s
	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		610	A <sup>2</sup> s
	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		570	A <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	$V_R = 1200\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	13		pF

### Features

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Improved thermal behaviour

### Applications

- Diode Bridge for main rectification

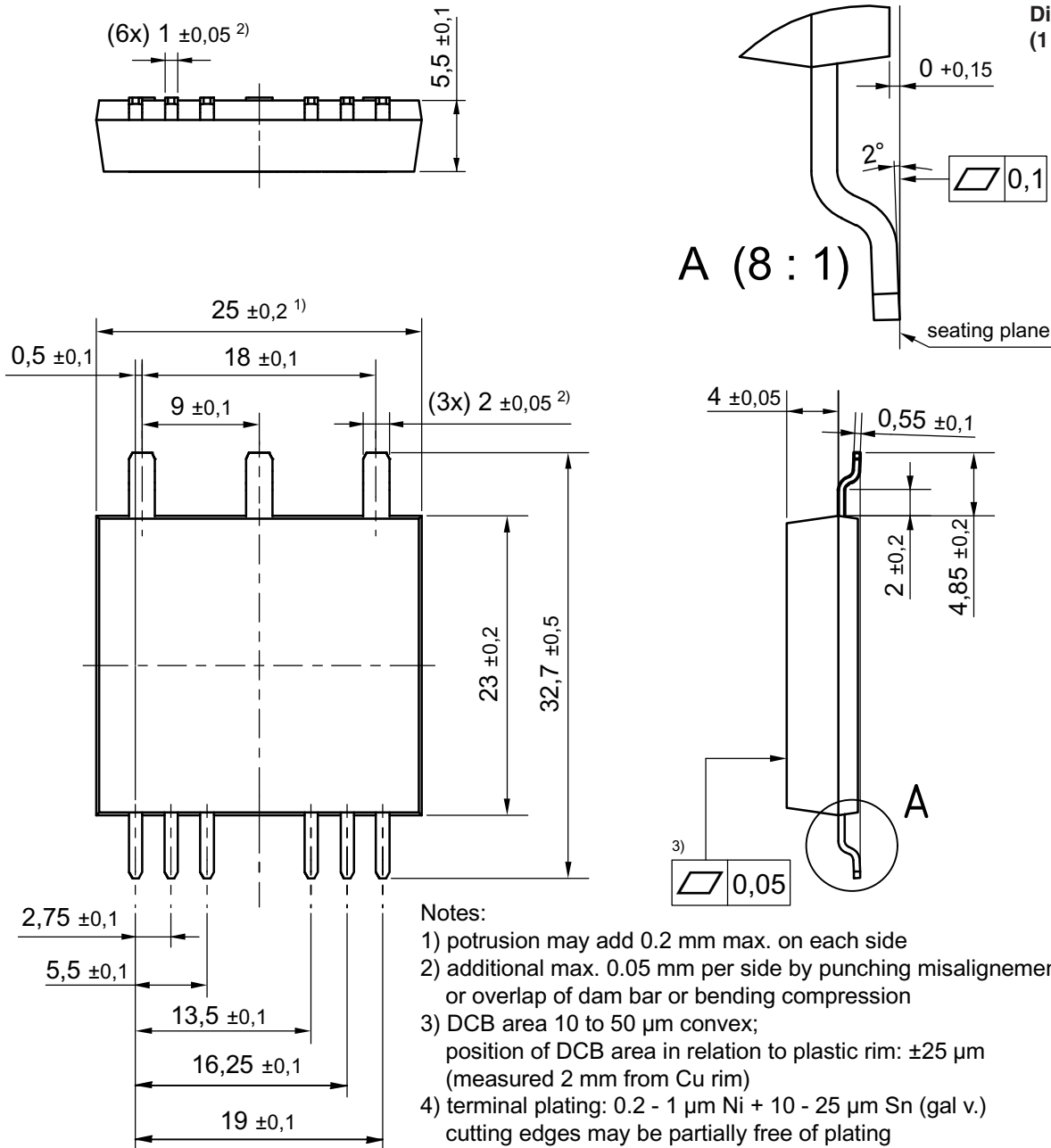
### Package

- DCB isolated backside
- Isolation Voltage 3000 V
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

Component					
Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values			
		min.	typ.	max.	
$I_{RMS}$	wide pin			100	A
	standard pin			60	A
$T_{stg}$		-55		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>			8		g
$F_C$		40		130	N
$V_{ISOL}$	t = 1 second		3000		V
	t = 1 minute		2500		V
$d_S, d_A$	pin - pin	1.65			mm
$d_S, d_A$	pin - backside metal	4			mm

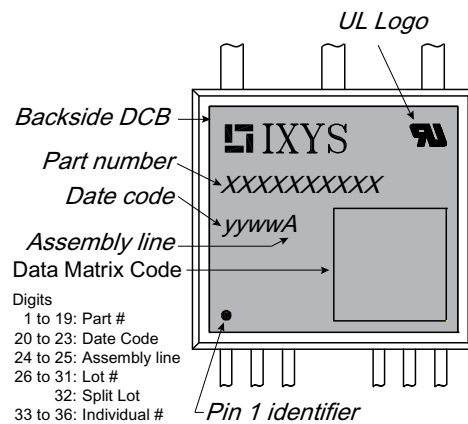
Ordering	Ordering Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Ordering Code
Standard	DLA100B1200LB-TRR	DLA100B1200LB	T&R	200	509901
	DLA100B1200LB	DLA100B1200LB	Blister	45	510245

Dimensions in mm  
(1 mm = 0.0394")



**Notes:**

- 1) protrusion may add 0.2 mm max. on each side
- 2) additional max. 0.05 mm per side by punching misalignment or overlap of dam bar or bending compression
- 3) DCB area 10 to 50  $\mu$ m convex; position of DCB area in relation to plastic rim:  $\pm 25 \mu$ m (measured 2 mm from Cu rim)
- 4) terminal plating: 0.2 - 1  $\mu$ m Ni + 10 - 25  $\mu$ m Sn (gal v.) cutting edges may be partially free of plating



Example: DLA100B1200LB00000001028A24597300000

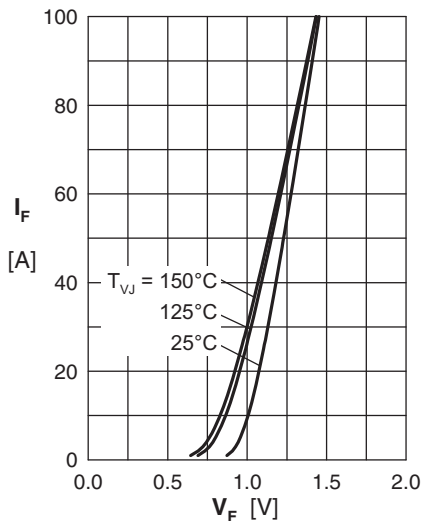


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

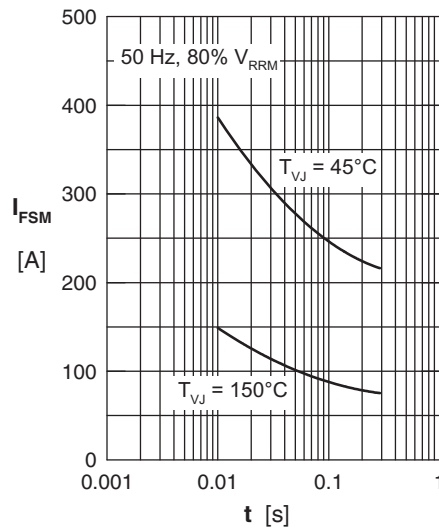


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

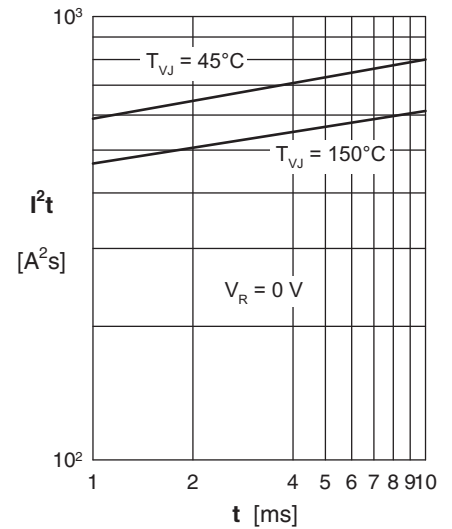


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time per diode

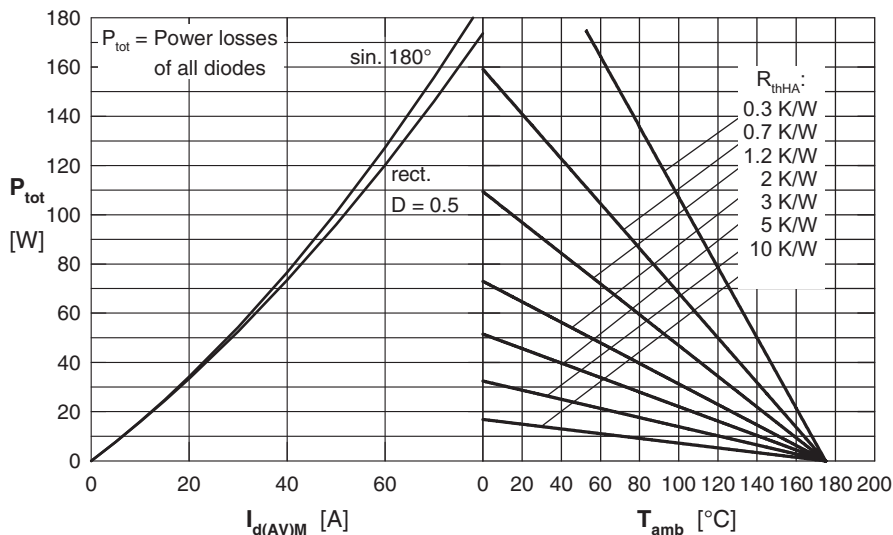


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. bridge output current and ambient temperature

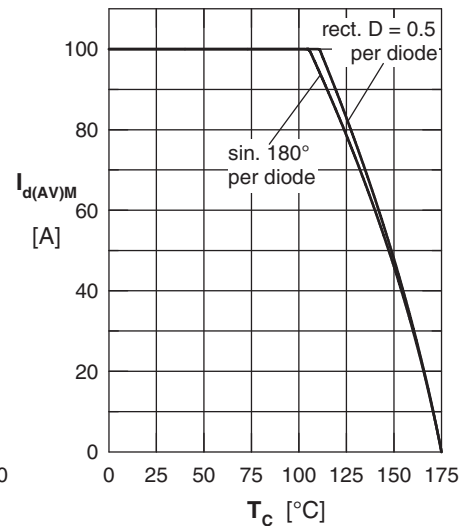


Fig. 5 Max. bridge output current vs. case temperature

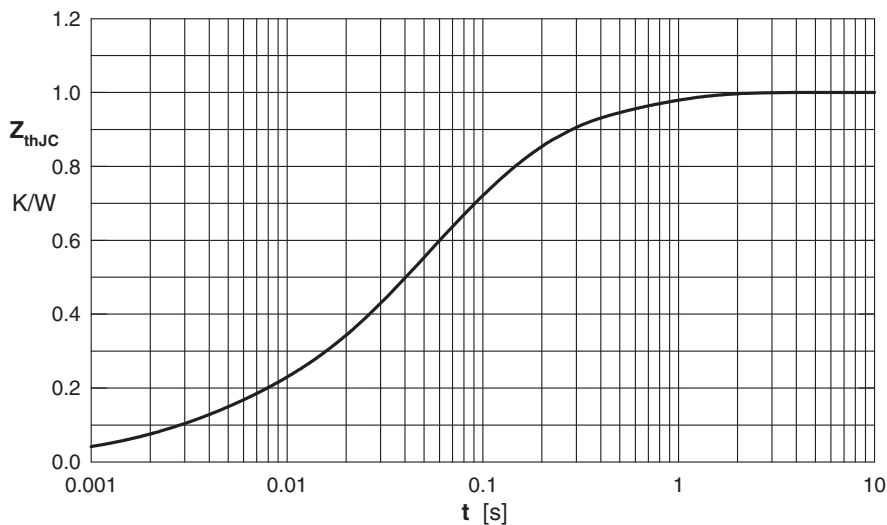


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ [K/W]	$t_i$ [s]
1	0.09	0.003
2	0.116	0.062
3	0.386	0.1
4	0.128	0.55